



Safety Data Sheet

1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Code: 003987
Product name: HYDROQUINONE USP
Chemical name and synonym: 1,4-Benzoldiol

Empirical formula:
CAS number: 123-31-9
INDEX number: 604-005-00-4
EC number: 204-617-8

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended use: Raw material for pharmaceutical application.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Name: ACEF S.p.A.
Full address: Via Umbria, 8/14
District and Country: 29017 Fiorenzuola d'Arda PC
Italia
Tel.: 0523/241911
Fax: 0523/241968

e-mail address of the competent person responsible for the Safety Data Sheet: sicurezza@acef.it

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For urgent inquiries refer to:
Centro Antiveleni di Milano - Tel. +39 02-66101029 - (Ospedale Niguarda)
Centro Antiveleni di Pavia - Tel. +39 0382-24444 - (IRCCS Fondazione Maugeri)
Centro Antiveleni di Bergamo - Tel. 800-883300 - (Ospedali Riuniti)
Centro Antiveleni di Firenze - Tel. +39 055-7947819 - (Ospedale Careggi)
Centro Antiveleni di Roma - Tel. +39 06-3054343 - (Policlinico Gemelli)
Centro Antiveleni di Roma - Tel. +39 06-49978000 - (Policlinico Umberto I)
Centro Antiveleni di Napoli - Tel. +39 081-7472870 - (Ospedale Cardarelli)

2. Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC and/or EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and supplements). The product thus requires a safety datasheet that complies with the provisions of EC Regulation 1907/2006 and subsequent amendments.

Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet

2.1.1. Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and following amendments and adjustments

Hazard classification and indication:
Acute Tox. 4 H302
Skin Sens. 1 H317
Eye Dam. 1 H318
Muta. 2 H341
Carc. 2 H351
Aquatic Acute 1 H400

2.1.2. Directive 67/548/EEC and following amendments and adjustments

Danger Symbols: Xn-N
R phrases: 22-40-41-43-50-68

The full wording of the Risk (R) and hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet



2.2. Label elements

Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements.

Pictograms:



Warning: Danger

Hazard indication:

H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H341	Suspected of causing genetic defects.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.

Caution recommendations:

P273	Avoid release to the environment.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
P301+P312	IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
P302+P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.
P405	Store locked up.
P501	Dispose of contents/container to according to applicable regulations.

Contains: HYDROQUINONE

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2.3. Other hazards

Information not available

3. Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Contains:

Identification	Conc. %	Classification 67/548/EEC	Classification 1272/2008 (CLP)
HYDROQUINONE			
CAS 123-31-9	100	Xn R22, Xn R40, Xn R68, Xi R41, Xi R43, N R50,	Acute Tox. 4 H302, Skin Sens. 1 H317, Eye Dam. 1 H318,
EC 204-617-8		Carc. Cat. 3, Muta. Cat. 3	Muta. 2 H341, Carc. 2 H351, Aquatic Acute 1 H400
INDEX 604-005-00-4			

Xn= HARMFUL, Xi= IRRITANT, N= DANGEROUS FOR THE ENVIRONMENT

The full wording of the Risk (R) and hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet

3.2. Mixtures

Information not relevant

4. First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

EYES: Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes. Seek medical advice.

SKIN: Wash immediately with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing. If irritation persists, seek medical attention. Wash contaminated clothing before using them again.

INHALATION: Remove to open air. If breathing is irregular, seek medical advice.

INGESTION: Obtain immediate medical attention. Induce vomiting only if indicated by the doctor. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

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4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

For symptoms and effects caused by the contained substances see chap. 11

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Follow doctor's orders

5. Firefighting measures**5.1. Extinguishing media**

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING MEDIA

The extinction equipment used should be of the conventional kind: carbon dioxide, foam, powder and nebulised water.

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA WHICH SHALL NOT BE USED FOR SAFETY REASONS

None in particular.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE

Do not breathe combustion products (carbon oxide, toxic pyrolysis products, etc).

The product is combustible and, when the powder is released into the air in sufficient concentrations and in the presence of a source of ignition, it can create explosive mixtures with air. Fires may start or get worse by leakage of the solid product from the container, when it reaches high temperatures or through contact with sources of ignition.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

GENERAL INFORMATION

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Hardhat with visor, fireproof clothing (fireproof jacket and trousers with ties around arms, legs and waist), work gloves (fireproof, cut proof and dielectric), a depressurised mask with facemask covering the whole of the operator's face or a self-respirator (self-protector) in the event of large quantities of fume.

6. Accidental release measures**6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

Eliminate sources of ignition (cigarettes, flames, sparks, etc.) from the air in which the leak occurred. If there are no contraindications, spray solid products with water to prevent the formation of dust. Use breathing equipment if fumes or powders are released into the air.

Block the leakage if there is no hazard. Do not handle damaged containers or leaked product before donning appropriate protective gear. Send away individuals who are not suitably equipped. For information on risks for the environmental and health, respiratory tract protection, ventilation and personal protection equipment, refer to the other sections of this sheet.

6.2. Environmental precautions

The product must not penetrate the sewers, surface water, ground water and neighbouring areas.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For liquid products, suck into a suitable container (made of material not incompatible with the product) and soak up any leaked product with absorbent inert material (sand, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth, Kieselguhr, etc). Collect the majority of the remaining material and deposit in containers for disposal. For solid products, use spark proof mechanical tools to collect the leaked product and place in plastic containers. If there are no contraindications, use jets of water to eliminate product residues. Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

7. Handling and storage**7.1. Precautions for safe handling**

Do not smoke while handling and use.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a well ventilated place, keep far away from sources of heat, bright flames and sparks and other sources of ignition.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Information not available

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8. Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Product name	Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		
			mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
HYDROQUINONE	TLV-ACGIH		1				Skin
	OEL	IRL	2		4		Skin
	WEL	UK	0,5				Skin

8.2. Exposure controls

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protection equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration or bad air vent. If such operations do not make it possible to keep the concentration of the product below the permitted workplace exposure thresholds a suitable respiratory tract protection must be used. See product label for hazard details during use. Ask your chemical substance suppliers for advice when choosing personal protection equipment. Personal protection equipment must comply with the rules in force indicated below.

HAND PROTECTION

Protect hands with category III (ref. Directive 89/686/EEC and standard EN 374) work gloves, such as those in PVA, butyl, fluoroelastomer or equivalent. The following should be considered when choosing work glove material: degradation, breakage times and permeation. Work glove resistance to preparations should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. Gloves' limit depends on the duration of exposure.

EYE PROTECTION

Wear hood visor or protective visor together with airtight goggles (ref. standard EN 166)

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category III professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (ref. Directive 89/686/CEE and standard EN 344). Wash body with soap and water after removing overalls.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If the threshold value for one or more of the substances present in the preparation for daily exposure in the workplace or to a fraction established by the company's prevention and protection service is exceeded, wear an FFP3 (ref. standard EN 141) type half mask.

The use of breathing protection equipment, such as masks with organic vapour and dust/mist cartridges, is necessary in the absence of technical measures limiting worker exposure. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.

If the substance in question is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the relative exposure limit and in the event of an emergency, or when exposure levels are unknown or the concentration of oxygen in the workplace is less than 17% volume, wear self-contained, open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus (ref. standard EN 137) or fresh air hose breathing apparatus for use with full face mask, half mask or mouthpiece (ref. standard EN 138).

An emergency eye washing and shower system must be provided.

The product must be used in a closed cycle, in well-aired environments fitted with strong localised aspiration systems (capture speed > 1.5 m/s), otherwise it is compulsory to use the personal protection equipment indicated and always in well-aired environments fitted with strong localised aspiration systems (capture speed > 1.5 m/s).

In the presence of risks of exposure to splashes or squirts during work, adequate mouth, nose and eye protection should be used to prevent accidental absorption.

9. Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	solid
Colour	colourless to white
Odour	piuttosto inodore
Odour threshold	Not available
pH	Not available
Melting or freezing point	172 °C
Boiling point	287 °C
Distillation range	Not available
Flash point	165 °C
Evaporation Rate	Not available
Flammability of solids and gases	Not available
Lower flammability limit	Not available
Upper flammability limit	Not available
Lower explosive limit	Not available
Upper explosive limit	Not available
Vapour pressure	< 0,1 hPa (20°C)
Vapour density	3,81

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Specific gravity	1,358 Kg/l
Solubility	Water solubility (20 °C) 70 g/l
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	(log P) 0,59
Ignition temperature	515 °C
Decomposition temperature	Not available
Viscosity	Not available
Reactive Properties	Not available

9.2. Other information

VOC (Directive 1999/13/EC) : 0%

10. Stability and reactivity**10.1. Reactivity**

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

The vapours may also form explosive mixtures with the air.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid overheating, electrostatic discharge and all sources of ignition

10.5. Incompatible materials

Information not available

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

In the event of thermal decomposition or fire, vapours potentially dangerous to health may be released.

11. Toxicological information**11.1. Information on toxicological effects**

Acute effects: ingestion of this product is harmful. Even small amounts of product may cause serious health problems (stomach pain, nausea, sickness, diarrhoea). This product may slightly irritate mucosae, the upper respiratory tract, eyes, and skin. Exposure symptoms may include: sting, cough, asthma, laryngitis, respiratory disorders, headache, nausea and sickness.

This product must be handled carefully because of its possible carcinogenic effects. Anyway, currently available data do not allow us to comprehensively assess this product.

This product may cause serious ocular lesions, cornea opacity, iris lesions, irreversible eye coloration.

Upon contact with skin, this product causes sensitization (dermatitis). Dermatitis derives from skin irritation on the areas which repeatedly come into contact with the sensitizing agent. Cutaneous lesions may include: erythemas, edemas, papules, vesicles, pustules, scurries, ulcerations and exudative phenomena, whose intensity varies according to illness seriousness and affected areas.

Erythemas, edemas and exudative phenomena prevail during the acute phase. Scurfy skin, dryness, ulcerations and skin thickening prevail during the chronic phase.

HYDROQUINONE

LD50 (Oral): 302,000 mg/kg Rat

LD50 (Dermal): >900,000 mg/kg Rat

12. Ecological information**12.1. Toxicity**

This product is dangerous for the environment and highly toxic for aquatic organisms.

HYDROQUINONE

LC50 (96h) 0,044 mg/l Danio rerio

EC50 (48h) 0,13 mg/l Daphnia magna

IC50 (72h) 17 mg/l Chlorococcales

12.2. Persistence and degradability**12.3. Bioaccumulative potential**



12.4. Mobility in soil

Information not available

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Information not available

12.6. Other adverse effects

Information not available

13. Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.



Waste transportation may be subject to ADR restrictions.

14. Transport information



These goods must be transported by vehicles authorized to the carriage of dangerous goods according to the provisions set out in the current edition of the Code of International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR) and in all the applicable national regulations.

These goods must be packed in their original packagings or in packagings made of materials resistant to their content and not reacting dangerously with it. People loading and unloading dangerous goods must be trained on all the risks deriving from these substances and on all actions that must be taken in case of emergency situations.



Road and rail transport:

ADR/RID Class:	9	UN:	3077		
Packing Group:	III				
Label:	9				
Nr. Kemler:	90				
Limited Quantity	5 kg				
Proper Shipping Name:	Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s. (HYDROQUINONE)				

Carriage by sea (shipping):

IMO Class:	9	UN:	3077		
Packing Group:	III				
Label:	9				
EMS:	F-A, S-F				
Marine Pollutant	YES				
Proper Shipping Name:	Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s. (HYDROQUINONE;HYDROQUINONE)				

Transport by air:

IATA:	9	UN:	3077		
Packing Group:	III				
Label:	9				
Cargo:					
Packaging instructions:	911	Maximum quantity:	400 Kg		
Pass.:					
Packaging instructions:	911	Maximum quantity:	400 Kg		
Proper Shipping Name:	Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s. (HYDROQUINONE)				

15. Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Seveso category 9i

Restrictions relating to the product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006
None

Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH)
None

Substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV REACH)

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None

Healthcare controls

Workers exposed to this chemical agent must not undergo health checks, provided that available risk-assessment data prove that the risks related to the workers' health and safety are modest and that the 98/24/EC directive is respected.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been processed for the mixture and the substances it contains

16. Other information

Key for the CLP classifications mentioned in sections 2 and 3 of the sheet:

Carc. 2	Carcinogenicity, category 2
Muta. 2	Germ cell mutagenicity, category 2
Acute Tox. 4	Acute toxicity, category 4
Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage, category 1
Skin Sens. 1	Respiratory/skin sensitization, category 1
Aquatic Acute 1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute toxicity category 1
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
H341	Suspected of causing genetic defects.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.

Text of risk (R) phrases mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

R22	HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED.
R40	LIMITED EVIDENCE OF A CARCINOGENIC EFFECT.
R41	RISK OF SERIOUS DAMAGE TO EYES.
R43	MAY CAUSE SENSITIZATION BY SKIN CONTACT.
R50	VERY TOXIC TO AQUATIC ORGANISMS.
R68	POSSIBLE RISKS OF IRREVERSIBLE EFFECTS.

GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY

1. Directive 1999/45/EC and following amendments
2. Directive 67/548/EEC and following amendments and adjustments
3. Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) of the European Parliament
4. Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament
5. Regulation (EC) 790/2009 (I Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
6. Regulation (EC) 453/2010 of the European Parliament
7. The Merck Index. - 10th Edition
8. Handling Chemical Safety
9. Niosh - Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances
10. INRS - Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
11. Patty - Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
12. N.I. Sax - Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition

Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product .

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

Changes to previous review:

The following sections were modified:

02/09/11/14